

OUR SCHOOL VALUES:

RESPECT, INTEGRITY

RESPONSIBILITY, LEARNING

PASSION FOR AVIATION HIGH SCHOOL

PEDAGOGICAL FRAMEWORK 2024

Table of Contents

Pedagogical Framework	3
Administration and Head of Departments	4
School Vision	5
Priorities for 2023-30	6
Classrooms in Action	10
Essential Skills of Classroom Management	11
Essential Skills Checklist	12

TARGETS

- 1. Literacy and Numeracy
- NAPLAN Reading 96% (NMS), 25% (U2B)
- NAPLAN Writing 90% (NMS), 25% (U2B)
- NAPLAN Numeracy 98% (NMS), 35% (U2B) NAPLAN G&P 98% (NMS), 20% (U2B)
- NAPLAN Spelling 98% (NMS), 28% (U2B)
- 2. A Culture That Promotes Learning
- 10% reduction in SDAs
- 10% reduction in referrals
- 3. Effective Teaching Practices
- A&B achievements = >60%
- 4. 100% OCE
- 5. 90% OP 1-15
- 6. 100% VET/OCE/OP

EXPLICIT TEACHING AGENDA

For every lesson AHS teachers commit to the following non- negotiable:

- · Student planners presented every lesson
- Warm ups
- WALT and WILF
- I do, We do, You do alone, You do together
- · Differentiation of learning styles
- · Feedback and reflection

AHS CLASSROOMS IN ACTION

Uninterrupted Sustained Silent Reading 5 minutes per lesson for every class. (USSR) Switch on students thinking ready for Warm Ups

Provides direct instruction

Interactive instruction
 Works with students

Checks, prompts, clues
 Provides additional

Meets with needs-based

Learning Goals

We are learning to What I'm looking for This is because

Student

· Actively listens Takes notes
 Asks for clarification

· Asks and responds to

classmates Completes process

questions
Works with teacher and

I do, we do, you do Teacher

Explicit teaching of new knowledge

We do Practising and

deepening knowledge

You do - Individual learning Generating/testing hypothesis

You do - Collaborative

hypothesis

learning Generating/testing

- Moves among groups
- Works alone
 Relies on notes, activities activities Provides feedback and classroom environment to complete Evaluates success
 - Takes full responsibility for
 - Works with classmates.
 - shares outcomes Collaborates on authenti
 - Consolidates learning Completes process in small groups
 Looks to peers for

Reflection/Feedback

Did students understand the lesson? How do I know? Did students achieve the WILF expectations? What can I do to improve?

AVIATION HIGH SCHOOL VALUES .

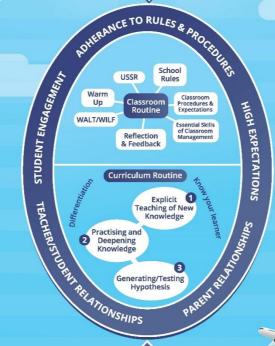
AVIATION HIGH SCHOOL

Students at AVIATION HIGH SCHOOL pursue academic excellence and social responsibility in a safe, supportive and nurturing environment

Margany RESPECT - LEARNING - PASSION FOR AVIATION HIGH STATEMENT OF THE PASSION FOR AVIATION FO Students at AVIATION HIGH SCHOOL

AHS PEDAGOGICAL FRAMEWORK

Incidental Learning



Incidental Learning

ESSENTIAL SKILLS OF CLASSROOM MANAGEMENT (ESCM)

The AHS positive behaviour approach is based on the teacher taking responsibility for leading and maintaining a positive learning climate by:

- 1. Establishing expectations around the five core values
- 2. Giving clear instructions
- 3. Waiting and scanning
- 4. Cueing with parallel acknowledgement
- 5. Body language encouraging
- 6. Descriptive encouraging
- 7. Selective attending
- 8. Redirecting to the learning
- 9. Giving choice
- 10. Following through

STAFF FOCUS

Mark roll every class

Anomaly checks each lesson

Actively supervise scheduled duties

Punctuality - on time to classes

Not allowing students out early

Students are not to be out of class Graffiti checks - consider seating/workstation plan for classes

Notify office of room changes - or note on the door

Read Morning Notices

Except outdoor classes

context of the situation

Expected for Junior Secondary

per IT policy

timed note

Applies to every scheduled day

Applies to every class every day

Note in diary or signed, dated and

develop a structure to align with the

school, accepted practice for Senior

Check Homewor

Applies to every class, every day

STUDENT FOCUS

Hats and sunglasses off in class

Attend all whole-school events

Diaries at each class

Personal mobiles, iPads and similar Teachers to confiscate any device as tablet devices to be used

appropriately at all times Students are not to be out of class

Students expected to line up outside All students - note specialty areas to

Stand behind desks (practical subjects to develop an appropriate operational response suitable to the Secondary school

Good morning/afternoon(each

Address all staff appropriately

Complete all homework and have a Depends on subject. Faculty regular revision program

Good manners in all situations Use the appropriate title e.g. Mr,

Mrs, Ms or Miss in all situations consistency is important. Where appropriate, even a small amount needs to be given on a regular

Students will be invited to enter and All classes depart classes



CASE MANAGEMENT

- Identified through data walls
- Peer Observation / Coaching Model focuses on explicit differentiation of target students
- Meeting support case management conversations (Data/JS/SS)

- **Learning Support**
- Mighty Minds (Yr 8)
- NAPLAN (Yr7 and Yr9)
- Date walls

VISION

CONSISTENCY

DIFFERENTIATION

U2B

U2B

- Like schools
- NMS
- 40%

WHOLE SCHOOL

- Scaffolding / Assessment
- Adjustments

Pace

Groupings

QAR

FACULTY STRATEGIES

Maths / Science

WISE / POLYA / FISH

Temporary skill level

Groupings

Spaced Practice

R2L Maths

English / Humanities

Accelerated Reader

R2L

Exemplars

HOTS Questioning

Technology

Visual graphic organisers

Exemplars

Brainstorming

Seating

Real world scenarios

Arts / HPE

Acronyms

Peer tutoring

Graphic organiser

Pre Teach

Modelling

Business

Chunking

Task

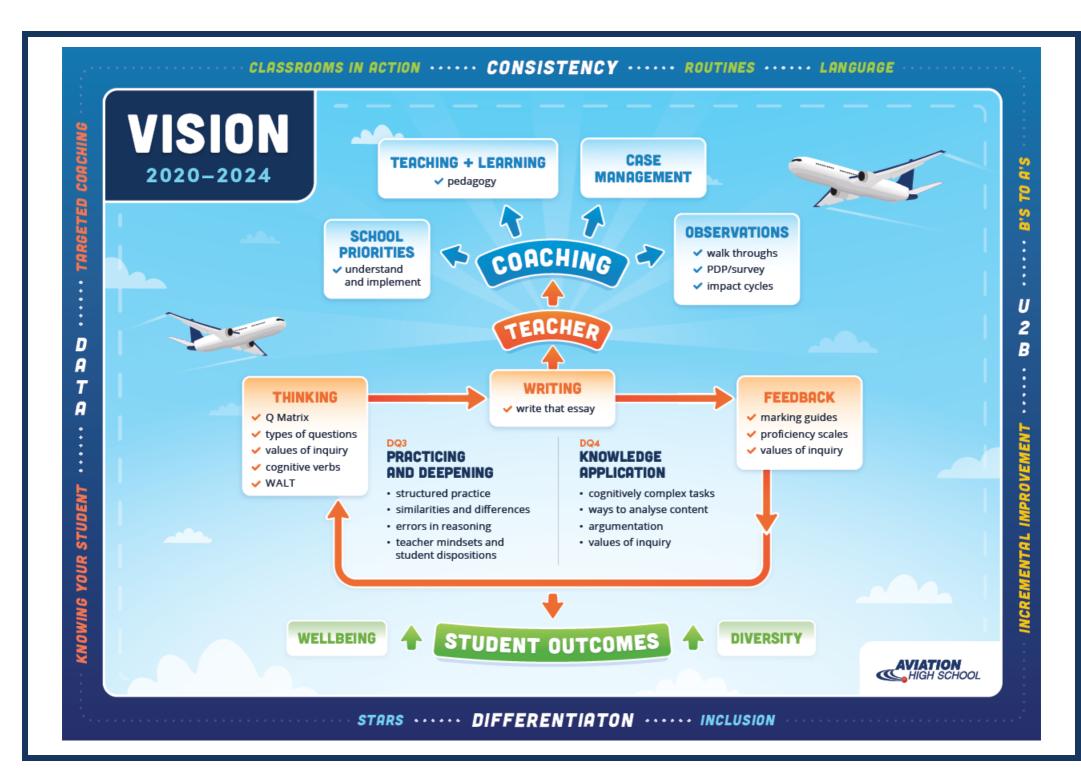
Modification

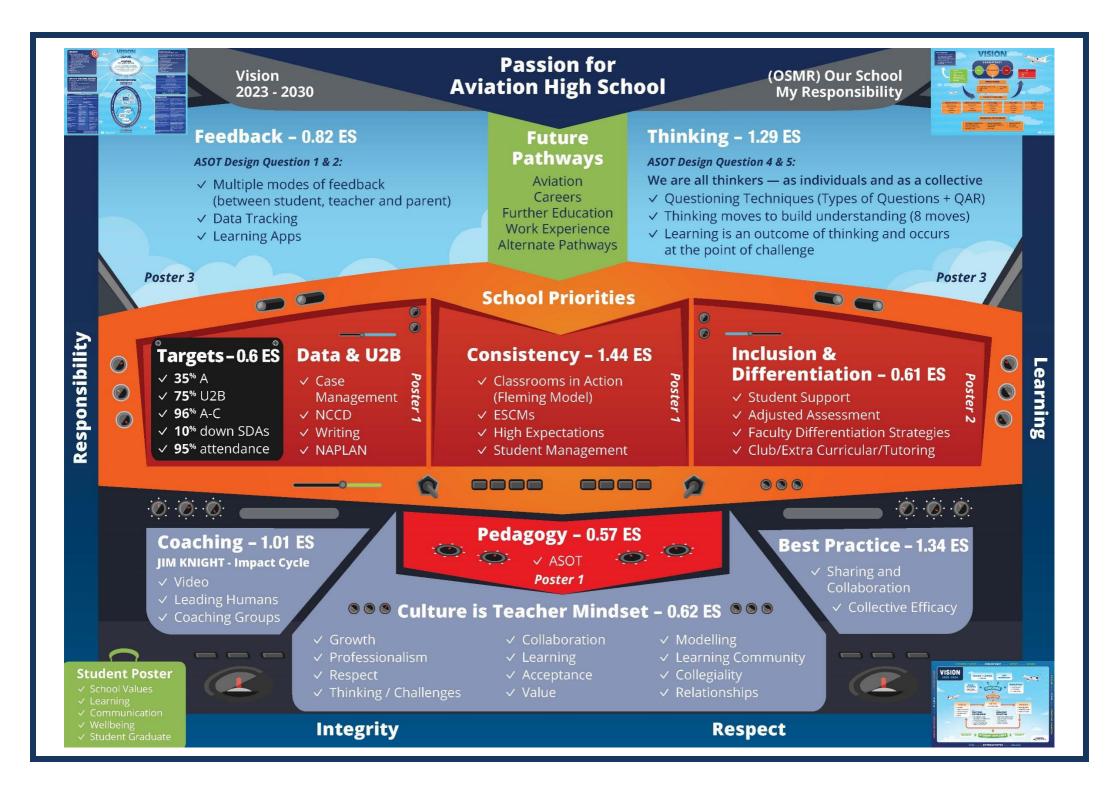
INDIVIDUAL (1% STUDENTS)

- Checking for comprehension
- Practical Application
- · Chunking / Sequencing
- Challenge Tasks
- Language adjustments
- Explicit / small number of instructions
- 1 on 1 help

- Explicit Feedback
- Reasoning
- Peer Teaching







Pedagogical Framework

At Aviation High School there are a number of pedagogical practices that underpin the success of every student. In every classroom, everyday, The Art and Science of Teaching and Explicit instruction will be evident. Adding to these foundations is our case management aimed at enhancing and developing the high academic performance of our students. Staff participate in coaching to further enhance their skills in improving student performance and developing successful learners.

ART AND SCIENCE OF TEACHING	FLEMING'S EXPLICITY INSTRUCTION (CLASSROOMS IN ACTION) /FREY'S MODEL OF RELEASE OF RESPONSIBILITY	AVIATION HIGH SCHOOL INITIATIVES TO ADDRESS OUR PRIORITIES
DQ1: Learning Goals	WALT WILF TIB	Learning from others – the role of learning intentions (LI) and Success Criteria (SC)
DQ2: Interact with new Knowledge	I Do, We Do	Write that Essay – a new approach to writing.
DQ3: Practice and Deepen Knowledge	Warm ups, You do it together, You do it Alone	Thinking/ Errors in reasoning Teacer mindsets and student dispositions
DQ4: Generate and Test hypothesis	You do it Alone	Questioning types, QAR,
DQ5: Engagement	Warm ups, We Do, You Do it together and Alone	Faces on the Data – knowing your student, Lesson design with the students' abilities/interests in mind Technology – ipads, Teaching and Learning team Performance Conversations/Peer Observations
DQ6: Classroom rules and Procedures DQ7: Adherence to these	AHS Classrooms in Action – Students have come to expect a certain structure to their lessons	School Values Essential Skills of Classroom Management
DQ8: Relationships with Students	AHS Wellbeing Program- Leading Humans Yr 10 program First 20 Days	Putting Faces on the Data - Case management, U2B Feedback
DQ9: Communicate High Expectations	Expectations around student/teacher roles in Explicit instruction – Traffic Light Posters.	CoC plan for students School Values Wellbeing program
DQ 10: Develop Effective Lessons into a cohesive Unit. Whole school Curriculum Plan Whole School Unit Planning		NASOT training for new staff Adherence to the intent of the Australian Curriculum V9– Teaching and Learning team

Our case management is centred around 'knowing our students(Sharrat)'. Focus on students and their growth tracked across the year. Coaching (Jim Knight – Impact Cycle) enhances this process through peer feedback and teachers videoing their lessons where selected strategies and differentiation are reflected on by both the teacher and the coach/mentor9 TRIAD system). This cycle of data tracking, strategy selection, reflection and feedback occurs in scheduled meetings throughout the year.

AVIATION HIGH SCHOOL



Widdop Street

Telephone: (07) 3637 0111 Clayfield Q 4011 Facsimile: (07) 3637 0100

(PO Box 359Email: admin@aviationhigh.eq.edu.auClayfield Q 4011)Web: www.aviationhigh@eq.edu.au

"Pursue Excellence" Administration

David Munn - Principal

Andrew Read - Deputy Principal Nadene Benjak - Deputy Principal Mara Kitson - Deputy Principal

Heads of Department		Welbeing Leaders		
Aerospace/ARTS/Technology	Jack Clarke		<u>Name</u>	
English	Sean Riordan	Year 7	Caitlin Shepley	
Maths	Scott Clark	Year 8	Ben Tilbrook	
Senior Schooling	Nikita Harrison	Year 9	Linda Pritchard	
HPE/ Wellbeing	Jake Mawn	Year 10	Katie Burnett	
Humanities	Chris Cummings	Year 11/12	Sean Riordan	
Science	Donna Kliess	School Nurse	Adrienne	
Guidance Officer	Alison McFarlane/ Anna Clarke	Youth Support	Nate	
	Curriculum Co	oordinators		
Arts	Mel Ellis	Aviation/ P-Tech	Keren Ham	

Term Dates

Term 1:	Monday 22 January	То	Friday 28 March	10 weeks
Term 2:	Tuesday 15 April	То	Friday 21 June	10 weeks
Term 3:	Monday 08 July	То	Friday 13 September	10 weeks
Term 4:	Tuesday 01 October	То	Friday 13 December	11 weeks

Daily Routine:

Form Class	8.45am – 8.55am
Session 1	8.55 am – 10.05am
Morning Break	10.05 am – 10.40am
Session 2	10.40 am – 11.50am
Session 3	11.50 am - 1.00pm
Afternoon Break	1.05 pm – 1.30pm
Session 4	1.30 pm – 2.40pm
Form Class	2.40pm -2.50pm

Students are expected to be in their classrooms from the designated lesson start times until the designated completion times. Making the best use of lesson time is a priority for all students and teachers.

SCHOOL VISION

Pursue Excellence

Students at Aviation High School pursue academic excellence and social responsibility in a safe, supportive, nurturing environment.

SCHOOL VALUES

Aviation High School is committed to providing a supportive school environment where all members feel safe and are valued; where social and academic learning outcomes are maximised for all through a quality curriculum, interpersonal relationships and school organisation; where school practices are proactive rather than reactive and where appropriate and non-discriminatory language and behaviours are defined, expected, modelled and reinforced.

The school's five core values are embedded in every aspect of school life. We value students who demonstrate:

Responsibility

Be accountable for your own actions, resolve differences in peaceful ways and take care of the environment.

Integrity

Act with honesty, trustworthiness, loyalty, truthfulness, courtesy, understanding, reliability and ethical behaviour.

Respect

Treat self and others with consideration and regard as individuals of worth.

Learning

Engage with others to develop knowledge, understanding and skills to maximise academic, social and personal abilities.

Passion for Aviation High School

Enjoy learning and Aviation experiences by being positive, committed and willing to embrace challenge and change.

Essential to effective learning is a safe, supportive and disciplined environment that respects the following rights:

- The rights of all students to learn
- The rights of teachers to teach
- The rights of all to be safe

The school community has developed a comprehensive Responsible Behaviour Plan for Students (2015-2018) which is a guide for student behaviour.

It is the Responsibility of students to:

- Attend school regularly, on time, be ready to learn and take part in school activities
- Act at all times with respect and show tolerance towards other students and staff
- Work hard and comply with directions from the teacher and Principal
- Abide by school rules, meet homework requirements and wear the school uniform
- Respect the school environment.

Priorities for 2024-30

Teachers are responsible for driving all strategies. You set the example; you are the role model for students.

1. Literacy/Numeracy

a. Junior Secondary Targets

NAPLAN testing: Year 7 and Year 9 students

- b. Improve NAPLAN results over the next 2 years.
- c. Reading Target (Y9) 95% NMS; 75% Strong to Exceed- currently (Y9) 89% NMS; 69.4% Strong to Exceed (Y7) Target 95% NMS; 75% Strong to Exceed- currently 92.3% NMS; 71% Strong to Exceed U2B
- d. Writing Target (Y9) 95% NMS; 65% Strong to Exceed currently (Y9) 92.4% NMS; 61% Strong to Exceed, (Y7) target 95% NMS; 75% Strong to Exceed currently (Y7) 92% NMS; 71.7% Strong to Exceed U2B
- e. Grammar and Punctuation Target (Y9) 90%NMS; Strong to Exceed 60%,- currently 83.5%; Strong to Exceed 53.6%- (Y7) target 90% NMS; 75% Strong to Exceed U2B- currently 83.2% NMS; 67% Strong to Exceed
- f. Spelling Target 96% NMS; Strong to Exceed 80%- currently (Y9) 95.8% NMS; 74.2% Strong to Exceed U2B; (Y7) target 95% NMS; 85% Strong to Exceed U2B- currently 93.2% NMS; 79.6% Strong to Exceed U2B
- g. Numeracy target (Y9) 96% NMS; 65% Strong to Exceed- currently (Y9) 93 NMS; 60% Strong to Exceed; (Y7) target 96% NMS; 75% Strong to Exceed currently 94.2% NMS; 68% Strong to Exceed
- h. Achivement levels 7-12 target A-C 96%; U2B 75%- currently A-C 95.2%, U2B 66.7%, A standard only target 35% currently 27%

i. Senior Secondary Targets

- i. 100% QCE
- ii. 90% ATAR
- iii. 100%SAT/VET

j. Strategies:Reading

- 1. Uninterrupted Student Sustained Reading (USSR) 5 minutes/lesson
- 2. Reading in context
- 3. Readability Adjustments for assessment
- 4. Intensive reading support

Writing

- 1. All faculties share responsibility for supporting the writing improvements that we strive for
- 2. Writer's Tool Box
- 3. Uninterrupted Student Sustained Writing (USSW) 5 minutes/lesson
- 4. On-demand writing in every subject
- 5. Literacy requirements identified and embedded in all junior school units and assessment items

Numeracy

- 5. Explicit teaching strategy
- 6. Translation of words sentences to mathematical sentences.

7. Numeracy requirements identified and embedded in all school units and assessment items

2. A culture that promotes learning in every classroom

- a. Targets
 - i. 10% reduction in School Disciplinary Absences (SDAs)
 - ii. 10% reduction in behaviour referrals
 - iii. 20% increase in Positive Behaviour entries
- b. Strategies Every minute of every lesson counts
 - i. Clear focus on positive belief in each student ongoing feedback to support growth
 - ii. Consistent school wide routines for all classes Being on time to class; being prepared for class; identifying lesson goals; respect the learning environment. (Teachers must model these routines before students will do them.)
 - iii. Teachers focus on knowing your students –Case Management, individual conversations; gather data using OneSchool Dashboard; build relationships through mutual respect; students are people first
 - iv. Build student leadership opportunities for students to lead in classrooms; leadership positions in all junior classrooms
 - v. Parent/Teacher Relationships building on partnerships with parents to promote learning-sharing learning goals with parents; engage parents in the child's learning; ask parents for feedback; parents informed regularly on student progress; no surprises in report cards (parents must be made aware of a less than satisfactory result); communication through planners; emails; phone calls; parent-teacher interviews.

3. Effective teaching practices

- a. Targets
 - i. As =>30%
 - ii. A + B = 70%
 - iii. D, E, NR < 10%
- b. Strategies Every student can be successful
 - i. Implementation of Aviation High School explicit teaching model NASoT and Fleming WALT;
 WILF; TIB; Warm-ups; I Do; We Do; You Do it together; You Do it alone; Reflection and feedback.
 - ii. Effective feedback for students including student classwork; individual progress; assessment (pre-testing, formative and summative); criteria expectations; written and oral feedback; strategies to improve learning outcomes negotiated with students.
 - iii. High expectations with targets set for every student based on data Case Management:- use OneSchool/TrackED to analyse data; all students set personal targets for every subject; teachers set targets for students for each subject and discuss and negotiate with students; students know rank in class and discuss strategies to improve performance; parents are provided with feedback on student achievement of goals
 - iv. All teachers negotiate targets with HODs
 - v. Differentiation applied to all students in all learning areas by all teachers use data on students to tailor learning experiences; provide regular feedback in a variety of forms to support student learning; use a variety of teaching focuses (strategies) to match different learning styles

vi. Peer Mentoring/Coaching practices to be implemented to encourage professional learning to improve teaching practices.

4. Summation

- a. Ensure all students have the skills to learn
- b. Improve teaching practices to engage students
- c. Create positive relationships where all students feel supported, safe and part of a team
- d. Engage in positive relationships with parents to improve student outcomes

5. Feedback, Thinking, Feedback and reflection is part of the staff PD for 2024.

STRATEGY	PURPOSE	GOOD EXAMPLES	POOR EXAMPLES
TIMING	For students to get feedback while they are still mindful of the learning target. For students to get feedback while there is still time for them to act on it.	Returning a test or assignment the next day. Giving immediate oral responses to questions of fact. Giving immediate oral responses to student misconceptions. Providing flash cards (which give immediate right/wrong feedback) for studying facts.	Returning a test or assignment two weeks after it is completed, Ignoring errors or misconceptions (thereby implying acceptance), Going over a test or assignment when the unit is over and there may be no opportunity to show improvement, unless it is formative.
AMOUNT	For students to get enough feedback so that they understand what to do but not so much that the work has been done for them (differs case by case). For students to get feedback on "teachable moment" points but not an overwhelming number.	Selecting two or three main points about a paper for comment. Giving feedback on important learning targets. Commenting on at least as many strengths as weaknesses.	Returning a student's paper with every error in mechanics edited Writing comments on a paper that are more voluminous than the paper itself Writing voluminous comments on poor-quality papers and almost nothing on good-quality papers
MODE	To communicate the feedback message in the most appropriate way.	Using written feedback for comments that students need to be able to save and look over. Using oral feedback for students who don't read well. Using oral feedback if there is more information to convey than students would want to read. Demonstrating how to do something if the student needs to see how to do something or what something "looks like".	Speaking to students to save yourself the trouble of writing. Writing to students who don't read well.
AUDIENCE	To reach the appropriate students with specific feedback.	Communicating with an individual, giving information specific to the individual performance.	Using the same comments for all students.

	To communicate, through	Giving group or class	Never giving individual
	feedback, that student	feedback when the same	feedback because it takes too
	learning is valued.	mini-lesson or re-teaching	much time.
		session is required for a	
		number of students.	
	To describe specific qualities	Making comments about the	Making comments that
	of the work in relation to the	strengths and weaknesses of	bypass the student (e.g.,
	learning targets.	a performance.	"This is hard" instead of "You
	To make observations about	Making comments about the	did a good job because").
	students' learning processes	work process you observed or	Making criticisms without
	and strategies that will help	recommendations about a	offering any insights into how
FOCUS	them figure out how to	work process or study	to improve.
	improve.	strategy that would help	Making personal
	To foster student self-efficacy	improve the work.	compliments or digs (e.g.,
	by drawing connections	Making comments that	"How could you do that?" or
	between students' work and	position the student as the	"You idiot!").
	their mindful, intentional	one who chooses to do the	
	efforts.	work.	
	To avoid personal comments. Usually, to compare student	Avoiding personal comments. Comparing work to student-	Putting up wall charts that
	work with established	generated rubrics.	compare students with one
	criteria.	Comparing student work to	another.
	Sometimes, to compare a	rubrics that have been shared	Giving feedback on each
COMPARISON	student's work with his or her	ahead of time.	student's work according to
	own past performance.	Encouraging a reluctant	different criteria or no
	Rarely, to compare a	student who has improved,	criteria.
	student's work with the work	even though the work is not	
	of other students.	yet good.	
	To describe student work.	Identifying for students the	Putting a grade on work
	To avoid evaluating or	strengths and weaknesses in	intended for practice or
	"judging" student work in a	the work.	formative purposes.
	way that would stop students	Expressing what you observe	Telling students the work is
FUNCTION	from trying to improve.	in the work.	"good" or "bad".
			Giving rewards or
			punishments.
			Giving general praise or
			general criticism.
	To use positive comments	Being positive.	Finding fault.
	that describe what is well	Even when criticizing, being	Describing what is wrong and
VALENCE	done.	constructive.	offering no suggestions about
	To make suggestions about what could be done for	Making suggestions (not	what to do.
		prescriptions or pronouncements).	Punishing or denigrating students for poor work.
	improvement.	pronouncements).	students for poor work.

Aviation High School aspires to elevate its commitment to pedagogical excellence, creating a dynamic learning environment aligned with national standards. Whole school staff professional Development on HARVARD thinking Routines. This endeavour not only prepares students for the future but also positions the school as a beacon of educational innovation within the aerospace and broader academic landscape.

Improvement Strategies:

1. Facilitate Deep Visioning Work:

- Engage the school and wider community in envisioning the preferred future to inform strategic planning.

2. Collaboratively Develop an Inclusion Framework:
- Create a whole-school culture of inclusion with documented systems, processes, responsibilities, and accountabilities.
3. Cultivate Student Agency:
- Collaboratively explore dimensions of student responsibility for learning, fostering self-efficacy and ownership of learning across all classes.
4. Explore Opportunities for Embedding Higher Order Thinking and Cultural Inclusivity:
- Integrate AC general capabilities and cross-curriculum priorities into faculty curriculum plans.
5. Engage in Scan and Assess Process:
- Build community understanding of factors impacting the enrolment of female students in the school, focusing on addressing challenges.
By implementing these improvement strategies alongside Harvard Project Zero, Aviation High School aims to navigate the future with strategic vision, inclusivity, and student-centric practices, ensuring sustained excellence and adaptability in the dynamic educational landscape.

AVIATION HIGH SCHOOL CLASSROOMS IN ACTION

UNINTERRUPTED SUSTAINED SILENT READING		Minimum 5 minutes per lesson for every class. Best		
(USSR)		if USSR/W begins the lesson to settle students.		
		Students to bring reading material to every lesson		
WARM UPS			nt thinking ready for the lesson.	
		Brings knowledge from short term to long term memory		
LEARNING GOALS		WALT – We are l	earning to	
		WILF – What I am looking for		
		TIB – This is beca	use	
I DO, WE DO, YOU DO IT TOGETHER, YOU DO IT ALONE	TEACHER		STUDENT	
I do	Provides directions of the second of th		Actively listensTakes notes	
Explicit teaching of new	Establishes goModels	oals and purpose	Asks for clarification	
knowledge	Think aloud			
We do	Interactive in:Works with st		 Asks and responds to questions 	
Duesticies and decreasing	Checks, prom		Works with teacher and	
Practicing and deepening knowledge	 Provides addi Meets with n 	tional modelling eeds-based	classmatesCompletes process alongside	
	groups		others	
You do it together Collaborative	Moves amongClarifies confu		 Works with classmates, shares outcomes 	
learning	 Provides supp 		Collaborates on authentic task	
Generating/testing hypothesis			Consolidates learningCompletes process in small	
			group	
			Looks to peers for clarification	
You do it alone	Provides challe High Order This		Works alone Relies on notes activities and	
Tou uo it alone	High Order Thinking activitiesProvides feedback		 Relies on notes, activities and classroom environment to 	
Individual learning	Evaluates success		complete task	
Generating/testing hypothesis	 Determines level of understanding 		 Takes full responsibility for outcome 	
Reflection/feedback		Did students und	lerstand the lesson	
Implementation of Profiency Scale	s (Teaching and	How do I know? Did students achieve the WILF expectations?		
Learning Team) VOI- Values of Inqu	uiry	What can I do to improve?		
		What can they do to improve?		

ESCM – ESSENTIAL SKILLS OF CLASSROOM MANAGEMENT

The AHS positive behaviour approach is based on the teacher taking responsibility for leading and maintaining a positive learning climate by:

1. Establishing expectations around

- the five core values.

2. Giving clear instructions

- telling students concisely what is expected.

3. Waiting and scanning

- pausing to assess and to allow take-up time.

4. Cueing with parallel acknowledgement

praising one to encourage others.

5. Body language encouraging

smiling, nodding, proximity.

6. Descriptive encouraging

praise by describing the desirable behaviour.

7. Selective attending

not obviously and immediately reacting to behaviours.

8. Redirecting to the learning

- prompting on-task behaviour.

9. Giving choice

describing options and consequences.

10. Following through

- doing what you said you would do.

ESSENTIAL SKILLS CHECKLIST

Essential Skill	Description	Checklist
1. Establishing Expectations	Making Rules	☐ Are there a maximum of 4 rules?
		☐ Are rules clear, brief, reasonable?
		☐ Are they clearly displayed?
		☐ Are visual prompts used?
		☐ Are rules explicitly taught?
		☐ Are consequences explicitly taught?
		☐ Are rules reinforced each session?
		☐ Praise students who follow rules?
2. Giving Instruction	Telling students what to do	☐ Are the instructions short, clear and simple?
		☐ Do instructions help students to be organised?
		☐ Are visual prompts used to aid instruction?
		☐ Do instructions cue students for engagement?
		☐ Do instructions start with a verb?
		☐ Do instructions come one at a time?
		☐ Avoid detailed explanations?
		☐ Has teacher checked for understanding?
		_
3. Waiting and Scanning	Stopping to assess what is	☐ Wait 5-10 seconds after giving instruction?
	happening	☐ Avoid excess teacher talk?
		☐ Maintain eye contact with students?
4. Cueing with parallel	Praising a student to prompt	☐ Regularly offer praise?
acknowledgement	others	☐ Use proximity when cueing?
		☐ Make eye contact with the students?
		☐ Offer descriptive encouragement when desired
		behaviour is demonstrated?
5. Body Language	Use of proximity, body language	☐ Good proximity?
Encouraging	and facial expression to encourage	☐ Positive body language?
	appropriate behaviour	☐ Positive facial expressions?
		☐ Positive hand gestures?
6. Descriptive Encouraging	Using praise that describes a	☐ Frequently used to promote good behaviour?
	behaviour	☐ Avoid simplistic praise?
		☐ Descriptive encouraging that incorporates use of
		classroom rules?
7. Selective Attending	Intentionally giving minimal	☐ Ignore off task behaviour appropriately?
7.00.000.00	attention to safe off task	☐ Acknowledge students previous good behaviour?
	behaviour	☐ Offer a prompt in close proximity?
		Pause to give time to comply?
		Acknowledge when compliance is gained?
		The medical when compliance is gamed.
8. Redirecting to the Learning	Prompting students displaying	☐ Use a calm friendly voice?
	inappropriate behaviour	☐ Use proximity?
		☐ Give time for student to comply?
9. Giving a Choice	Describing the students choices	☐ Respectfully worded?
	and likely consequences	☐ Choices offered are clear and reasonable?
		☐ Done without an audience?

		Time to comply? (egg timer) Students are familiar with the range of choices?
10. Following through	Ensuring consequences are enforced	Teacher remains positive and calm? A plan to seek help if needed? Avoids emotion and never back down?

			1	
		Micro-skills Criteria		Teachers Indicators
		Establishing Expectations		Sustains focus on purposeful learning activities.
				Avoids unnecessary interruptions.
				Completes non-teaching tasks promptly
				Requires students to complete assignments and set work
				Sets and adheres to timelines for completion of work
				Sets standards for completeness and correctness
				Negotiates and implements consequences if standards are
				not adhered to
		Giving Instructions		Ensures that the selection and sequencing of objectives and
				content takes into account students' prior learning and the body
				of the subject matter
				Designs learning activities to enable the achievement of the identified objectives
				Develops strategies to resolve potentially difficult aspects of
				learning
				Gains and maintains students attention
				Speaks clearly and confidently
				Maintains an appropriate sequence, complexity and length of
	JS			instruction
of	ō			Checks for understanding
ge	Эtі			Acknowledges listening
Language of	expectations	Waiting and Scanning		Uses techniques to stimulate and maintain student interest
an _g	ĕ			Encourages and reinforces participation
_	Х			Ensures individuals and groups have equal opportunity to
	Ш			participate Models active listening practices
				Models active listening practices Builds on students' contributions
				Maintains pace of discussion
				Avoids unnecessary interruptions or domination of discussion
		Cueing with parallel		Uses techniques to stimulate and maintain student attention
		acknowledgement		Matches quantity, complexity and relevance of content to
		Verbal or non-verbal		students
				Uses teaching aids
				Uses appropriate voice, speech and body language
				Reviews and highlights key points
				Assesses student understanding and responds accordingly
			1	

	Body language encouraging		Uses a behaviour management approach which emphasizes
nt	Walk around the room		positive consequences and focuses on improvement to encourage
	Touch the work of students who		responsible behaviour
	are on- task		Provides possible feedback that takes into account the different
<u> </u>	Pause after one tour of room,		needs of individual and groups of students
Language of Acknowledgement	approach off-task students		
	Smile, nod eye contact for		
	students who are on-task		
	Descriptive encouraging		Chooses content, class management strategies, teaching methods
	State the obvious that is positive		and behaviour management techniques to enhance the learning
	Use sooner rather than later		environment and to develop students' social skills
	Brief and to the point		Recognises occasions significant to students
Ą	Use frequently		Provides appropriate opportunities for students to contribute to
			class decisions making
			Does not tolerate harassment of any form
			Acknowledges helpful and courteous behaviour
	Selective attending		Takes action to enable all students to have equal access to teache
	Is not ignoring		time and attention, use of teaching materials and equipment
	Student is not disrupting others		Designs learning activities in accordance with the preferred
	Safety is not an issue		learning styles of students
	Use a subtle encourager when		Negotiate tasks and processes with students
	student comes on-task		Sets talks to extend all students' current levels of achievement
	If behaviour persists, redirect		Identifies potential barriers to students learning and takes steps t
			remove them
			Uses internal and external support services when appropriate
			Presents positive and self-determining role models
	Redirect to the learning		Is approachable and courteous
	Verbal or non-verbal		Displays interest and concern for students
	Question about task/offer help		Displays patience and empathy
	Allow take-up time		Is sensitive to the preferred communication patterns of
_	Use peripheral vision to monitor	_	individuals and groups
Ž O			Avoids destructive criticism, embarrassing or demeaning
age of ctio	Chiles a shales		comments
nag GC	Giving a choice		Provides appropriate opportunities for negotiating the curriculum
Langua	Give a choice you can follow		Designs activities and tasks in accordance with students readiness
	throughPositive choices provide the		Creates a resource-rich learning environment
)	intent to finish the work at		Encourages students to pose questions, develop hypotheses and plans, gather and analyse information, formulate conclusions and
	another time		reflect on outcomes
	Resist engaging in secondary		Circulates amongst and assists students, when appropriate
	behaviours (arguing, etc)		encolates amongst and assists stadents, when appropriate
	Use a firm, calm and measured		
	•		
	tone		
	Keep language to a minimum		Applies consequences promptly, fairly and consistently to
	Keep language to a minimumAllow take up time		Applies consequences promptly, fairly and consistently to students behaving irresponsibly
	Keep language to a minimumAllow take up timeFollow through		students behaving irresponsibly
	 Keep language to a minimum Allow take up time Follow through ("It is the certainty of the 		
	 Keep language to a minimum Allow take up time Follow through ("It is the certainty of the consequence rather than the severity 		students behaving irresponsibly Delivers consequences in a calm but firm manner Maintains self-control
	 Keep language to a minimum Allow take up time Follow through ("It is the certainty of the consequence rather than the severity of the consequence that is 		students behaving irresponsibly Delivers consequences in a calm but firm manner

Who enacts consequences	Unacceptable behaviour	Some Examples	Behaviour Incident Categories	Possible Support and Intervention Strategies	Support Provider
Minor Classroom teacher / Playground Duty teacher	Potential unsafe behaviours Non participation in class Other minor unacceptable behaviours Unsafe behaviours causing minor harm/damage Refusal to follow program of instruction Abuse/threats Non-compliance with school policies and procedures	Late to class Failure to work Dropping litter Misuse of equipment Disruption of class Out of uniform	Academic Infringement Anti-social behaviour Avoidance behaviour IT abuse Non-compliance Vandalism Other	Counselling/warning by teacher Morning break detention After school detention Litter duty Contact parent Academic review Strategic seating plan Buddy teacher class	pport, HOD discussion, Parental support, Guidance Officer support, Other, Counselling by HOD/WL, Parental and », Guidance and support staff, District behaviour programs, Other
Major HOD (Head of Department) DP (Deputy Principal) Principal	Harassment and bullying Defiant/threat to adults Unsafe behaviour causing major harm/damage Malicious aggressive/ violent behaviours Substance misconduct (tobacco or other illicit substance) Wilful non compliance Grossly offensive behaviours Wilful and persistent non-compliance with school policies and procedures Persistent refusal to follow program of instruction	Persistent refusal to comply with uniform policy Verbal abuse towards others Deliberate and continued disruptive behaviours in class Repeatedly missing detentions Truancy Continued threatening and intimidating actions towards others	Academic Infringement Anti-social behaviour Avoidance behaviour IT abuse Bullying harassment Non-compliance Physical Aggression Vandalism Verbal aggression Serious misdemeanour Substance abuse Other	Morning break detention After school detention Conduct card Contact parent-phone/ interview Absenteeism letters Time out from class 1-5 days Suspension 1-20 days Suspension 1-20 days Cancellation of enrolment Behaviour Improvement Conditions (BIC) Recommendation for exclusion	Staff room peer support, Teacher buddy system, PGD partner support, HOD discussion, Parental support, Guidance Officer suppo HOD/WL interview, Guidance and support staff, District behaviour programs, Other



CLASSROOM RULES AND PROCEDURES

Aviation High School is an Art and Science of Teaching school. We adopt the philosophy of Design Question 6: What will I do to Establish or Maintain Classroom rules and Procedures?

As a member of the Aviation High School community, I understand and accept responsibility for my actions by:

- Being polite, honest. Courteous and treating all members of the school community respectfully
- Being punctual to all schedules lessons and events
- Seeking to resolve all problems in a non-abusive and non-violent manner
- Taking pride in my personal appearance and dressing to comply with expected dress codes
- Being prepared for all lessons, ready to work on arrival to class, demonstrating a genuine interest in all lessons
- Completing all work to the best of my ability
- Promoting a positive school image
- Following through on all commitments / promises

Underlying philosophy: *The little things matter* and *persistence* and *consistency* encompass the above and are evidenced through the daily basic actions listed below:

Staff Focus

- Mark roll every class
- Check roll anomalies each lesson
- Actively supervise schedules duties
- Be punctual on time to classes
- Do not release students early
- Check graffiti seating plan for classes
- Check uniform including jumper, jewellery shoes, socks, nails and hat
- Notify office of room changes or note on the door
- Read morning notices
- Check homework

Applies to every class, in most situations, every day

Applies to every Form / session 1 class

When given, must be checked & marked

Student Focus

Hats off in class	Except outdoor classes
Diaries at each class	Applies to every class every day
No personal mobile phones, iPods or electronic devices	Teacher to send student with the device to office
in class, unless Teacher has specified use for lesson	for confiscation & require receipt to teacher upon
	return
Student are not to be out of class	Note in diary or signed, dated and timed note. Diary
	to be carried with student when out of class
Students are expected to line up outside all classes	All students – note specialty subject areas may
	develop and manage own procedures for students
	waiting for class
Address all staff appropriately	Use the appropriate title in all situations
Complete all homelearning and have a regular revision	Check Welfare Diary and Assessment Planner
program	
Students will be invited to enter and depart classes	All classes

When each member of the school community adheres to the *Basic Actions*, we are not only ensuring our school maximises available time and energy, but also that the *school values of*:

- Responsibility
- Integrity
- Respect
- Learning
- Passion for Aviation High School

are imbedded in all we do.

